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Country Report on Radio Broadcasting industry of Vietnam

All the media organizations in Vietnam are state-owned and controlled. Among those, radio broadcasting is one of the first media organizations set up right after the Independence of Vietnam. Radio the Voice of Vietnam (VOV) was directly established by President Ho Chi Minh following the success of Vietnam's August Revolution in 1945. In the same year, VOV's first program was broadcast at 11.30 hours on 7 September 1945. The first broadcast over the radio was the Declaration of Independence read by President Ho Chi Minh at the Ba Dinh Square in Hanoi on 2 September 1945. Over the past half a century, the Vietnamese radio broadcasting industry has undergone continuous development even during the periods of wars. Now it boasts a unified radio broadcasting network from the central to grassroots levels. Radio the Voice of Vietnam is in charge of unified management of local radio broadcasting throughout the country in terms of technology, professional human resources and international relations. Vietnam now has 61 provincial radio stations, 528 district radio stations including 319 FM stations and 5000 public address systems at village level. These provincial and city stations are responsible for rebroadcasting national news bulletins, and producing their own programs including local news and features. Radio the Voice of Vietnam, as the national radio station, responds to the Government. As such, it is assigned the task of communicating and disseminating the Vietnamese Party's and State's lines and policies, and managing technical radio broadcasting system throughout the country, serving for the cause of industrialization and modernization of the country. Over the past few years, Radio the Voice of Vietnam has been developing rapidly in all areas such as program production and transmission technology, professional training, improving content quality and diversity and so on.

At present, Radio the Voice of Vietnam broadcast in 6 channels comprising 4 domestic and 2 external channels, with a total daily airtime of 141 hours. 

Channel 1: includes 20 programs on news and current affairs, politics, foreign affairs, economics, security, national defense, legislation, science and technology with a daily airtime of 18 hours.

Channel 2: includes cultural, social, educational, literature, arts and music programs with a total daily airtime of 18 hours.

Channel 3: Includes news, music and foreign language teaching programs with a total daily airtime of 19 hours.

Channel 4: consists of programs for the ethnic minority people in 6 languages with an airtime of 11 hours a day. Much efforts has been taken by Radio the Voice of Vietnam to reach people within 54 ethnic minority groups living throughout the country.

Channel 5: with a total daily airtime of 15 hours 50 minutes, includes programs for expatriates in Vietnamese, French, Russian and English for Hanoi, Ho Chi Minh city and neighboring areas.

Channel 6: consists of programs in 12 foreign languages including English, French, Russian, Spanish, Japanese, Mandarin, Cantonese, Indonesian, Thai, Lao, Khmer and Vietnamese. Apart from these 6 channels, Radio the Voice of Vietnam also has a website updated on a daily basis including programs in Vietnamese and English which receives about 8,000 hits everyday.

According to a survey jointly conducted between Radio the Voice of Vietnam and the Central Ideological and Cultural Commission in 1998, 87.3% of Vietnamese people listen to the radio. Results of a survey conducted in March 2000 showed that 97% of people in rural areas listen to the radio and receive information on politics, culture, science, health and education through the radio. VOV's Weekly "Radio the Voice of Vietnam" has been published and distributed throughout the country, attracting a wider audience to VOV.

The past few years can be seen as the period of rapid development of Vietnam radio broadcasting industry in terms of technology. Modern technology is little by little introduced replacing old technology from program production to transmission: digital technology is increasingly used to produce programs, new high-power transmitting stations were built using state-of-the-art technology, via-satellite transmission method has been used to operation of radio broadcasting. Now with a total staff number of 1550 including 447 producers and reporters, a network of regional and overseas bureaus in key areas, Radio the Voice of Vietnam is producing...
a number of 452 programs of all formats dealing with all issues of the social life for domestic and overseas
listeners, with the content quality is improved day by day. With a network of 12 transmitting stations
throughout the country, the national coverage by Radio the Voice of Vietnam is more than 75% with the
population coverage of 87.3%. And VOV’s waves have reached listeners in various key locations in the
region and the world such as Asia, Europe, America and so on. Implementing the Party and State’s
open-door policy of “befriending all nations”, VOV has established and developed relations with 29 nations,
regional and international broadcasting organizations. VOV is a member of the Asia-Pacific Broadcasting
Union (ABU), the Asia-Pacific Institute for Broadcasting Development (AIDB), International Broadcasting
Council of Francophone countries (CIRTEF), UNESCO, International Alliances of Francophone countries
(AIF), Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA) and Swedish International Development
Authorities (SIDA). VOV’s role in the regional broadcasting community has been enhanced with the
organization of training courses, workshops, and seminars for Vietnamese, Southeast Asian and ASEAN
broadcasters in collaboration with AIDB, AIF and the French Embassy in Vietnam. VOV has exchanged
music and news programs with international radio stations such as NHK of Japan, Deutsche Welle of
Germany, Bulgaria and ASEAN, contributing to improving understanding between countries.

Alongside with technology development, training is also a priority of Radio the Voice of Vietnam. VOV has
2 Broadcasting Training School to train technicians and reporters for local radio stations. The Phu Ly
Broadcasting Training School about 50 km south of Hanoi enrolls students in 32 provinces in the north of
Vietnam and the Ho Chi Minh City Broadcasting Training School enrolls students in 29 provinces in the
south. In collaboration with the Hanoi University of Sciences and Humanities, they also provide professional
in-house training to hundreds of managers, reporters and producers in telecommunications, journalism,
foreign languages.

In the framework of Swedish SIDA-assisted project, VOV has carried out training on live broadcasts for
local radio and television stations. VOV now has a Center for Broadcasting Training in the seaside resort
town of Sam Son, Thanh Hoa province which serves as a venue for workshops, seminars, professional
training and recreation for its staff. VOV has also coordinated with other international broadcasting
institutions to open training courses for Vietnamese broadcasters.

The current major and overall objectives of Radio the Voice of Vietnam are to modernize its technology, and
improve the quality and effectiveness of its programs. The target in 10 years to come is to increase the
national coverage to 100% and each household has at least one radio set.

With Vietnam’s foreign policy of “befriending all nations”, Radio the Voice of Vietnam is extending its
outreach, constituting a friendship bridge between Vietnam and friends near and far.